



New algebraic approach towards interval-valued neutrosophic cubic vague set based on subbisemiring over bisemiring

S. Selvaraj¹, Gharib Gharib², Abdallah Al-Husban³, Maha Al Soudi⁴, K. Lenin Muthu Kumaran^{5,*},
Murugan Palanikumar⁶, K. Sundareswari⁷

^{1,5}Department of Mathematics, Shanmuga Industries Arts and Science College,
Affiliated to Thiruvalluvar University, Tiruvannamalai, Tamil Nadu, India, 606603.

²Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science, Zarqa University,
Zarqa 13110, Jordan.

³Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Irbid
National University, P.O. Box: 2600 Irbid, Jordan

⁴Department of Basic Scientific Sciences,

Applied Science Private University, Amman 11931, Jordan

⁶Department of Mathematics, Saveetha School of Engineering,
Saveetha Institute of Medical and Technical Sciences, Chennai-602105, India

⁷Department of Mathematics, Al- Ameen Engineering College, Erode.

Emails: ¹selvarajindian14@gmail.com, ²ggharib@zu.edu.jo, ³dralhosban@inu.edu.jo,
⁴M_alsoudi@asu.edu.jo, ⁵leninmuthukumaran@gmail.com, ⁶palanimaths86@gmail.com,
⁷sundarimaths@gmail.com

* Corresponding author: K. Lenin Muthu Kumaran.

Abstract

We introduce the concept of an interval-valued neutrosophic cubic vague subbisemiring (IVNCVSBS) and level set of IVNCVSBS of a bisemiring. An IVNCVSBS is the new extension of neutrosophic subbisemirings and SBS over bisemirings. Let $\aleph$ be a neutrosophic vague subset in Ξ , we show that $\beth = ([\beth_{\aleph}^-, \beth_{\aleph}^+], [\beth_{\aleph}^-, \beth_{\aleph}^+], [\beth_{\aleph}^-, \beth_{\aleph}^+])$ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ if and only if all non empty level set $\beth^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ for all $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$. Let $\aleph$ be the IVNCVSBS of Ξ and Υ be the strongest cubic neutrosophic vague relation of Ξ . To prove that $\aleph$ is a IVNCVSBS of $\Xi \times \Xi$. Let $\aleph$ be any IVNCVSBS of Ξ , prove that pseudo cubic neutrosophic vague coset $(\varsigma \aleph)^p$ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ , for all $\varsigma \in \Xi$. Let $\aleph_1, \aleph_2, \dots, \aleph_n$ be the family of IVNCVSBS^s of $\Xi_1, \Xi_2, \dots, \Xi_n$ respectively. To prove that $\aleph_1 \times \aleph_2 \times \dots \times \aleph_n$ is a IVNCVSBS of $\Xi_1 \times \Xi_2 \times \dots \times \Xi_n$. The homomorphic image of every IVNCVSBS is a IVNCVSBS. The homomorphic pre-image of every IVNCVSBS is a IVNCVSBS. Examples are provided to strengthen our results.

Keywords: Subbisemiring; cubic neutrosophic subbisemiring; vague bisemiring; homomorphism.

1 Introduction

Due to the limitations of classical mathematics, such as fuzzy set (FS)¹ and vague set (VS),² mathematical theories have been developed to address uncertainty and fuzziness. In the case of uncertain or vague situations, FS

introduced by Zadeh¹ is the most appropriate technique. In recent years, many hybrid fuzzy models have been developed based on FS. A generalization of FS, intuitionistic fuzzy set (IFS) incorporate hesitation levels into the notion of FS, which were first proposed by Atanasiu³ in 1983. The neutrosophic set (NSS) was proposed in 1999 by Smarandache.⁴ In NSS, each proposition is estimated to have a degree of truth, an indeterminacy degree, and a falsity degree. As a result of Smarandache,⁵ he further generalised and expanded the theory of IFSs to include the neutrosophic model as well. A study of fuzzy semirings was initiated by Ahsan et al.⁶ Recently many researchers discussed the various ideal structures of SBS and its applications⁷⁻¹⁰. In 2004, Sen et al.¹¹ extended the study of semirings and proposed the concept of bisemiring to further develop them. The study of vague algebra was initiated by Biswas¹² through the introduction of vague groups, vague cuts and vague normal groups. A semiring $(S, +, \cdot)$ is a non-empty set in which $(S, +)$ and $(S, \cdot)$ are semigroups such that “ $\cdot$ ” is distributive over “ $+$ ”.¹³ In 1993, Ahsan et al.⁶ introduced the notion of fuzzy semirings. An introduction to bisemirings was made in 2001 by Sen et al.¹⁴ A bisemiring $(\Xi, \diamond, \odot, \boxtimes)$ is an algebraic structure in which $(\Xi, \diamond, \odot)$ and $(\Xi, \odot, \boxtimes)$ are semirings in which $(\Xi, \diamond)$, $(\Xi, \odot)$ and $(\Xi, \boxtimes)$ are semigroups such that (a) $\zeta \odot (\partial \diamond \varsigma) = (\varphi \odot \partial) \diamond (\varphi \odot \varsigma)$, (b) $(\partial \diamond \varsigma) \odot \varphi = (\partial \odot \partial) \diamond (\varsigma \odot \varphi)$, (c) $\varphi \boxtimes (\partial \odot \varsigma) = (\varphi \boxtimes \partial) \odot (\varphi \boxtimes \varsigma)$ and (d) $(\partial \odot \varsigma) \boxtimes \varphi = (\partial \boxtimes \varphi) \odot (\varsigma \boxtimes \varphi)$ for all $\varphi, \partial, \varsigma \in \Xi$.¹¹ A non-empty subset $\aleph$ of a bisemiring $(\Xi, \diamond, \odot, \boxtimes)$ is a subbisemiring (SBS) if and only if $\varphi \diamond \partial \in \aleph$, $\varphi \odot \partial \in \aleph$ and $\varphi \boxtimes \partial \in \aleph$ for all $\varphi, \partial \in \aleph$.¹⁴ However, numerous algebraic concepts had been generalized using FS theory. Fuzzy algebraic structures of semirings have been extensively investigated by Vandiver.¹⁵ These are generalizations of rings requiring only a monoid, rather than a group, to achieve a particular additive structure and have been shown to be useful for a wide range of problems. Golan¹³ and Glazek¹⁶ have both extensively studied the application of semirings. Bipolar fuzzy information has been applied to various algebraic structures over the past few years, like semi-groups and BCK/BCI algebras.^{17,18,21} An application of bipolar fuzzy metric spaces was discussed by Zararsz et al.²² A vague soft hyperring and a vague soft hyper ideal were introduced by Selvachandran.²³ The bipolar fuzzy translation was introduced by Jun et al.²⁴ and BCK/BCI-algebra and its properties were investigated. A bipolar fuzzy regularity, bipolar fuzzy regular sub-algebra, a bipolar fuzzy filter, and a bipolar fuzzy closed quasi filter have been introduced into BCH algebras in.²⁵ In 2004, Sen et al.¹¹ contributed to the field of semirings by proposing bisemiring as a concept. Hussain et al.²⁶ defined the congruence relation between bisemirings and bisemiring homomorphisms. In addition to bisemiring, Hussain et al.^{14,26} described an algebraic structure called semiring and congruence relations between homomorphisms and n-semirings based on this algebraic structure. We discuss the concept of interval-valued neutrosophic cubic vague subbisemiring (IVNCVSBS) and level sets. The IVNCVSBS is an extension of subbisemiring. A number of illustrative examples are provided to illustrate. Following is an outline of the preliminary definitions and results presented in Section 2. The concept of a IVNCVSBS is introduced in Section 3.

2 Preliminaries

For our future studies, we will quickly review some fundamental terms in this section.

Definition 2.1.⁴ A neutrosophic set (NSS) $\aleph$ in a universal set Γ is $\aleph = \{(\varphi, \overline{\aleph}(\varphi), \underline{\aleph}(\varphi), \downarrow_{\aleph}(\varphi)) : \varphi \in \Gamma\}$, where $\overline{\aleph}, \underline{\aleph}, \downarrow_{\aleph} : \Gamma \rightarrow [0, 1]$ denotes the truth, indeterminacy and the falsity membership function, respectively. For $\langle \overline{\aleph}, \underline{\aleph}, \downarrow_{\aleph} \rangle$ is used for the NSS $\aleph = \{(\varphi, \overline{\aleph}(\varphi), \underline{\aleph}(\varphi), \downarrow_{\aleph}(\varphi)) : \varphi \in \Gamma\}$.

Definition 2.2.⁴ Let $\aleph = \langle \overline{\aleph}, \underline{\aleph}, \downarrow_{\aleph} \rangle$ and $\hbar = \langle \overline{\hbar}, \underline{\hbar}, \downarrow_{\hbar} \rangle$ be the two NSS of Γ . Then

1. $\aleph \wedge \hbar = \{(\varphi, \min\{\overline{\aleph}(\varphi), \overline{\hbar}(\varphi)\}, \min\{\underline{\aleph}(\varphi), \underline{\hbar}(\varphi)\}, \max\{\downarrow_{\aleph}(\varphi), \downarrow_{\hbar}(\varphi)\}) : \varphi \in \Gamma\}$,
2. $\aleph \vee \hbar = \{(\varphi, \max\{\overline{\aleph}(\varphi), \overline{\hbar}(\varphi)\}, \max\{\underline{\aleph}(\varphi), \underline{\hbar}(\varphi)\}, \min\{\downarrow_{\aleph}(\varphi), \downarrow_{\hbar}(\varphi)\}) : \varphi \in \Gamma\}$.

Definition 2.3.⁴ For any NSS $\aleph = \langle \overline{\aleph}, \underline{\aleph}, \downarrow_{\aleph} \rangle$ of Γ , we defined a (ℓ, s) -cut of $\aleph$ as the crisp subset $\{\varphi \in \Gamma : \overline{\aleph}(\varphi) \geq \ell, \underline{\aleph}(\varphi) \geq \ell, \downarrow_{\aleph}(\varphi) \leq s\}$ of Γ .

Definition 2.4.⁴ Let $\aleph$ and $\hbar$ be two neutrosophic subsets of S . The Cartesian product of $\aleph$ and $\hbar$ is defined as $\aleph \times \hbar = \{((\varphi, \partial), \overline{\aleph \times \hbar}(\varphi, \partial), \underline{\aleph \times \hbar}(\varphi, \partial), \downarrow_{\aleph \times \hbar}(\varphi, \partial)) : \varphi, \partial \in S\}$, where $\overline{\aleph \times \hbar}(\varphi, \partial) = \min\{\overline{\aleph}(\varphi), \overline{\hbar}(\partial)\}$, $\underline{\aleph \times \hbar}(\varphi, \partial) = \frac{\underline{\aleph}(\varphi) + \underline{\hbar}(\partial)}{2}$ and $\downarrow_{\aleph \times \hbar}(\varphi, \partial) = \max\{\downarrow_{\aleph}(\varphi), \downarrow_{\hbar}(\partial)\}$.

Definition 2.5.¹² A vague set (VS) $\aleph = (\overline{\aleph}, \downarrow_{\aleph})$ of Ξ is said to be vague semiring if

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \overline{\aleph}(b_1 + b_2) \geq \min\{\overline{\aleph}(b_1), \overline{\aleph}(b_2)\} \\ \overline{\aleph}(b_1 \cdot b_2) \geq \min\{\overline{\aleph}(b_1), \overline{\aleph}(b_2)\} \end{array} \right\}$$

and

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(b_1 + b_2) \geq \min\{1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(b_1), 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(b_2)\} \\ 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(b_1 \cdot b_2) \geq \min\{1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(b_1), 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(b_2)\} \end{array} \right\}.$$

for all $b_1, b_2 \in \Xi$.

Definition 2.6.¹² A VS $\mathfrak{N}$ in Γ . Then

1. A VS $\mathfrak{N} = (\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}, \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}})$, where $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}} : \Gamma \rightarrow [0, 1]$, $\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}} : \Gamma \rightarrow [0, 1]$ are mappings such that $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) + \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \leq 1$, for all $\wp \in \Gamma$ where $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}$ and $\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}$ are called true and false membership function, respectively.
2. The interval $[\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp)]$ is called the vague value of $\wp$ in $\mathfrak{N}$ and it is denoted by $V_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp)$, i.e., $V_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = [\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp)]$.

Definition 2.7.¹² Let $\mathfrak{N}$ and $\mathfrak{h}$ be the two VSs of Γ . Then

1. $\mathfrak{N}$ is contained in $\mathfrak{h}$ as $\mathfrak{N} \subseteq \mathfrak{h}$ if and only if $V_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \leq V_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)$, i.e. $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \leq \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)$ and $1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \leq 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)$ for all $\wp \in \Gamma$,
2. the union of $\mathfrak{N}$ and $\mathfrak{h}$ as $\mathfrak{N} \vee \mathfrak{h}$, $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N} \vee \mathfrak{h}} = \max\{\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}, \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{h}}\}$ and $1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N} \vee \mathfrak{h}} = \max\{1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}, 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}\} = 1 - \min\{\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}, \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}\}$,
3. the intersection of $\mathfrak{N}$ and $\mathfrak{h}$ as $\mathfrak{N} \wedge \mathfrak{h}$, $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N} \wedge \mathfrak{h}} = \min\{\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}, \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{h}}\}$ and $1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N} \wedge \mathfrak{h}} = \min\{1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}, 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}\} = 1 - \max\{\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}, \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}\}$.

Definition 2.8.¹² Let $\mathfrak{N}$ be a VS of Γ . Then

1. $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = 0$ and $\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = 1$ is called zero VS of Γ ,
2. $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = 1$ and $\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = 0$ is called unit VS of Γ .

for all $\wp \in U$.

Definition 2.9.¹² Let $\mathfrak{N}$ be a VS of Γ with true membership function $\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}$ and false membership function $\mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}$. For $\alpha, \beta \in [0, 1]$ with $\alpha \leq \beta$, the (α, β) - cut or vague cut of a VS $\mathfrak{N}$ is the crisp subset of Γ is given by $\mathfrak{N}_{(\alpha, \beta)} = \{\wp \in \Gamma : V_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \geq [\alpha, \beta]\}$. That is, $\mathfrak{N}_{(\alpha, \beta)} = \{\wp \in \Gamma : \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \geq \alpha, 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) \geq \beta\}$.

Definition 2.10.¹² Let $\mathfrak{N}$ and $\mathfrak{h}$ be any two VSs in Γ . Then

1. $\mathfrak{N} \wedge \mathfrak{h} = \{(\wp, \min\{\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)\}, \min\{1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)\}) : \wp \in \Gamma\}$,
2. $\mathfrak{N} \vee \mathfrak{h} = \{(\wp, \max\{\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)\}, \max\{1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{h}}(\wp)\}) : \wp \in \Gamma\}$,
3. $\square \mathfrak{N} = \{(\wp, \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp)) : \wp \in \Gamma\}$,
4. $\diamond \mathfrak{N} = \{(\wp, 1 - \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{A}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp)) : \wp \in \Gamma\}$.

3 Interval valued neutrosophic cubic vague subbisemirings

In all cases, assume that Ξ represents a bisemiring. Unless otherwise specified.

Definition 3.1. A interval-valued neutrosophic cubic VS $\mathfrak{N}$ of Ξ is represent a IVNCVSBS of Ξ if

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \triangle_1 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\vartheta)\} \\ \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \triangle_2 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\vartheta)\} \\ \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \triangle_3 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\vartheta)\} \end{array} \right\} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \triangle_1 \vartheta) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\vartheta)}{2} \\ OR \\ \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \triangle_2 \vartheta) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\vartheta)}{2} \\ OR \\ \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \triangle_3 \vartheta) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\vartheta)}{2} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\wp), \hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\partial)\} \\ \hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\wp), \hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\partial)\} \\ \hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\wp), \hat{\mathbb{Z}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{\perp}(\partial)\} \end{array} \right\}.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp\Delta_1\partial) \geq \min\{\underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp), \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\partial)\} \\ \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp\Delta_2\partial) \geq \min\{\underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp), \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\partial)\} \\ \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp\Delta_3\partial) \geq \min\{\underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp), \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\partial)\} \end{array} \right\} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp\Delta_1\partial) \geq \frac{\underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp) + \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\partial)}{2} \\ OR \\ \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp\Delta_2\partial) \geq \frac{\underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp) + \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\partial)}{2} \\ OR \\ \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp\Delta_3\partial) \geq \frac{\underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\wp) + \underline{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{N}}^1(\partial)}{2} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\varphi\Delta_1\partial) \leq \max\{\varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\varphi), \varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\partial)\} \\ \varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\varphi\Delta_2\partial) \leq \max\{\varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\varphi), \varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\partial)\} \\ \varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\varphi\Delta_3\partial) \leq \max\{\varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\varphi), \varpi_{\mathcal{N}}^{\perp}(\partial)\} \end{array} \right\}.$$

That is,

[illegible]

for all $\wp, \vartheta \in \Xi$.

Example 3.2. Let $\Xi = \{\zeta_a, \zeta_b, \zeta_c, \zeta_d\}$ be the bisemiring.

Δ_1	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_c	ζ_d	Δ_2	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_c	ζ_d	Δ_3	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_c	ζ_d
ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_c	ζ_d	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_a
ζ_b	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_b	ζ_b	ζ_b	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_b	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_c	ζ_d
ζ_c	ζ_a	ζ_a	ζ_c	ζ_c	ζ_c	ζ_c	ζ_d	ζ_c	ζ_d	ζ_c	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d
ζ_d	ζ_a	ζ_b	ζ_c	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d	ζ_d

	$[\hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\beta), \hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^+(\beta)]$	$[\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\beta), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^+(\beta)]$	$[\hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^-(\beta), \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^+(\beta)]$
$\beta = \zeta_a$	$[0.75, 0.8], [0.85, 0.9]$	$[0.65, 0.7], [0.75, 0.85]$	$[0.2, 0.25], [0.1, 0.15]$
$\beta = \zeta_b$	$[0.65, 0.7], [0.75, 0.8]$	$[0.55, 0.6], [0.65, 0.7]$	$[0.3, 0.35], [0.2, 0.25]$
$\beta = \zeta_c$	$[0.45, 0.5], [0.65, 0.7]$	$[0.35, 0.4], [0.45, 0.5]$	$[0.5, 0.55], [0.3, 0.35]$
$\beta = \zeta_d$	$[0.6, 0.65], [0.7, 0.75]$	$[0.4, 0.45], [0.55, 0.6]$	$[0.35, 0.4], [0.25, 0.3]$

	$[\hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\beta), \hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^+(\beta)]$	$[\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\beta), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^+(\beta)]$	$[\hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^-(\beta), \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^+(\beta)]$
$\beta = \zeta_a$	$[0.65, 0.7]$	$[0.75, 0.8]$	$[0.3, 0.35]$
$\beta = \zeta_b$	$[0.55, 0.65]$	$[0.7, 0.75]$	$[0.35, 0.45]$
$\beta = \zeta_c$	$[0.40, 0.45]$	$[0.55, 0.60]$	$[0.55, 0.60]$
$\beta = \zeta_d$	$[0.45, 0.55]$	$[0.65, 0.70]$	$[0.45, 0.55]$

Clearly, $\aleph$ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ .

Theorem 3.3. The intersection of a family of every IVNCVSBS^s of Ξ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ .

Proof. Let $\{\mathfrak{M}_i : i \in I\}$ be a collection of IVNCVSBS^s of Ξ and $\aleph = \bigwedge_{i \in I} \mathfrak{M}_i$.

Let $\wp, \vartheta$ in Ξ . Then

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I} \hat{\Gamma}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\
 &\geq \inf_{i \in I} \min\{\hat{\Gamma}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp), \hat{\Gamma}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\vartheta)\} \\
 &= \min\left\{\inf_{i \in I} \hat{\Gamma}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp), \inf_{i \in I} \hat{\Gamma}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\vartheta)\right\} \\
 &= \min\{\hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), \hat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\vartheta)\}. \\
 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\
 &\geq \inf_{i \in I} \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\vartheta)\} \\
 &= \min\left\{\inf_{i \in I} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp), \inf_{i \in I} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\vartheta)\right\} \\
 &= \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\aleph}^-(\vartheta)\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\vartheta)\}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\vartheta)\}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\vartheta)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I^-} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\
 &\geq \inf_{i \in I^-} \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\vartheta)}{2} \\
 &= \frac{\inf_{i \in I^-} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\wp) + \inf_{i \in I^-} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{M}_i}^-(\vartheta)}{2} \\
 &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^-(\vartheta)}{2}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I_+} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\ &\geq \inf_{i \in I_+} \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^+(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^+(\vartheta)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\inf_{i \in I_+} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^+(\wp) + \inf_{i \in I_+} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^+(\vartheta)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\vartheta)}{2}.\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{I}}(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \sup_{i \in I} \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\ &\leq \sup_{i \in I} \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\} \\ &= \max\left\{\sup_{i \in I} \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), \sup_{i \in I} \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\right\} \\ &= \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\vartheta)\}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \sup_{i \in I} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\ &\leq \sup_{i \in I} \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\} \\ &= \max\left\{\sup_{i \in I} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), \sup_{i \in I} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\right\} \\ &= \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\vartheta)\}.\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{J}}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{J}}(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{J}}(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I} \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\ &\geq \inf_{i \in I} \min\{\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\} \\ &= \min\left\{\inf_{i \in I} \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), \inf_{i \in I} \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\right\} \\ &= \min\{\mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), \mathfrak{T}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\vartheta)\}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I} 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\ &\geq \inf_{i \in I} \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\} \\ &= \min\left\{\inf_{i \in I} 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp), \inf_{i \in I} 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)\right\} \\ &= \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\vartheta)\}.\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{T}}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{T}}(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$ and $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\mathfrak{T}}(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\vartheta)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \inf_{i \in I_-} \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\ &\geq \inf_{i \in I_-} \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\inf_{i \in I_-} \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\wp) + \inf_{i \in I_-} \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{I}_i}^-(\vartheta)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\vartheta)}{2}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \inf_{i \in I+} \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\
&\geq \inf_{i \in I+} \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^+(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^+(\partial)}{2} \\
&= \frac{\inf_{i \in I+} \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^+(\wp) + \inf_{i \in I+} \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^+(\partial)}{2} \\
&= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\partial)}{2}.
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^1(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^1(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\}$ and $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^1(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\}$.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \sup_{i \in I} \mathfrak{J}_{\Xi_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\
&\leq \sup_{i \in I} \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\Xi_i}^-(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\Xi_i}^-(\partial)\} \\
&= \max\left\{\sup_{i \in I} \mathfrak{J}_{\Xi_i}^-(\wp), \sup_{i \in I} \mathfrak{J}_{\Xi_i}^-(\partial)\right\} \\
&= \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \sup_{i \in I} 1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\
&\leq \sup_{i \in I} \max\{1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^-(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^-(\partial)\} \\
&= \max\left\{\sup_{i \in I} 1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^-(\wp), \sup_{i \in I} 1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\Xi_i}^-(\partial)\right\} \\
&= \max\{1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\}$ and $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\}$. Hence, $\mathfrak{N}$ is a IVNCVSBs of Ξ .

Theorem 3.4. If $\mathfrak{N}$ and $\mathfrak{h}$ are the IVNCVSBs^s of Ξ_1 and Ξ_2 respectively, then $\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}$ is a IVNCVSBs of $\Xi_1 \times \Xi_2$.

Proof. Let $\mathfrak{N}$ and $\mathfrak{h}$ be the IVNCVSBs^s of Ξ_1 and Ξ_2 respectively. Let $\wp_1, \wp_2 \in \Xi_1$ and $\partial_1, \partial_2 \in \Xi_2$. Then $(\wp_1, \partial_1), (\wp_2, \partial_2)$ belong to $\Xi_1 \times \Xi_2$. Now

$$\begin{aligned}
\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) &= \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
&\geq \min\{\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \min\{\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1)\}, \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1, \partial_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) &= 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
&\geq \min\{\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \min\{\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1)\}, \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1, \partial_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^1(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^1(\wp), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^1(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^1(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^1(\wp), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^1(\partial)\}$ and

$\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\ &\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)].\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{+}[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{+}(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\ &\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{+}(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{+}(\partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{+}(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{+}(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{+}(\wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{+}(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{+}(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{+}(\wp_2, \partial_2)].\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)]$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)]$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)]$. Now

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\ &\leq \max\{\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \max\{\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}, \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\ &\leq \max\{\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \max\{\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}, \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$.

Now

$$\begin{aligned}\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\ &\geq \min\{\min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \min\{\min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}, \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-}(\wp_2), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{H}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_1, \partial_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{H}}^{-}(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
&\geq \min\{\min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \min\{\min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1)\}, \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1, \partial_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial)\}$ and $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\
&\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} [\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_2, \partial_2)].
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\
&\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp_2) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} [\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_2, \partial_2)].
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{1}{2} [\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_2, \partial_2)]$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \frac{1}{2} [\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_2, \partial_2)]$ and $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \frac{1}{2} [\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_1, \partial_1) + \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp_2, \partial_2)]$. Now

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
&\leq \max\{\max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \max\{\max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1)\}, \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1, \partial_1), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-[(\wp_1, \partial_1) \Delta_1 (\wp_2, \partial_2)] &= 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2, \partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
&= \max\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \wp_2), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
&\leq \max\{\max\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \max\{\max\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_1)\}, \max\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp_2), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{h}}^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
&= \max\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_1, \partial_1), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^-(\wp_2, \partial_2)\}.
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial)\}$ and $\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\wp), \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}}^+(\partial)\}$. Hence, $\mathfrak{N} \times \mathfrak{h}$ is a IVNCVSBs of Ξ .

Corollary 3.5. If $\mathfrak{N}_1, \mathfrak{N}_2, \dots, \mathfrak{N}_n$ are the families of IVNCVSBs of $\Xi_1, \Xi_2, \dots, \Xi_n$ respectively, then $\mathfrak{N}_1 \times \mathfrak{N}_2 \times \dots \times \mathfrak{N}_n$ is a IVNCVSBs of $\Xi_1 \times \Xi_2 \times \dots \times \Xi_n$.

Definition 3.6. Let $\aleph$ be a neutrosophic VS in Ξ , the strongest interval-valued neutrosophic cubic vague relation (SIVNCVR) on Ξ is defined as

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp, \partial) = \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\} \\ \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp, \partial) = \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial)}{2} \\ \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp, \partial) = \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\} \end{array} \right\}.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp, \partial) = \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\} \\ \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp, \partial) = \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial)}{2} \\ \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp, \partial) = \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\} \end{array} \right\}.$$

Theorem 3.7. Let $\aleph$ be the IVNCVSBS of Ξ and Υ be the SNSVR of Ξ . Then $\aleph$ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ if and only if Υ is a IVNCVSBS of $\Xi \times \Xi$.

Proof. Let $\aleph$ be the IVNCVSBS of Ξ and Υ be the SNSVR of Ξ . Then for any $\wp = (\wp_1, \wp_2)$ and $\partial = (\partial_1, \partial_2)$ are in $\Xi \times \Xi$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\ &\geq \min\{\min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1)\}, \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \min\{\min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1, \wp_2), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1, \partial_2)\} \\ &= \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\ &\geq \min\{\min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1)\}, \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \min\{\min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_2)\}\} \\ &= \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1, \wp_2), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1, \partial_2)\} \\ &= \min\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}. \end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\ &\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{\downarrow}(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp_1, \wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial_1, \partial_2)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\downarrow}(\partial)}{2}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\
 &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
 &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\
 &\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_N^+(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+(\wp_1, \wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+(\partial_1, \partial_2)}{2} \\
 &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^+(\partial)}{2}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^1(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T(\partial)}{2}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^1(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T(\partial)}{2}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^1(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T(\partial)}{2}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_T^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$.

Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathfrak{T}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \mathfrak{T}_T^-[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\
 &= \mathfrak{T}_T^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
 &= \min\{\mathfrak{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), \mathfrak{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
 &\geq \min\{\min\{\mathfrak{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathfrak{T}_N^-(\partial_1)\}, \min\{\mathfrak{T}_N^-(\wp_2), \mathfrak{T}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
 &= \min\{\min\{\mathfrak{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathfrak{T}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\mathfrak{T}_N^-(\partial_1), \mathfrak{T}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
 &= \min\{\mathfrak{T}_T^-(\wp_1, \wp_2), \mathfrak{T}_T^-(\partial_1, \partial_2)\} \\
 &= \min\{\mathfrak{T}_T^-(\wp), \mathfrak{T}_T^-(\partial)\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= 1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\
 &= 1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
 &= \min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\
 &\geq \min\{\min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\partial_1)\}, \min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\wp_2), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
 &= \min\{\min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\} \\
 &= \min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-(\wp_1, \wp_2), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-(\partial_1, \partial_2)\} \\
 &= \min\{1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{F}_T^-(\partial)\}.
 \end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{I}_T^1(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_T^1(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_T^1(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{I}_T^1(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_T^1(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_T^1(\partial)\}$ and $\mathfrak{I}_T^1(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_T^1(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_T^1(\partial)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathfrak{I}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) &= \mathfrak{I}_T^-[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\
 &= \mathfrak{I}_T^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\
 &= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \mathfrak{I}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)}{2} \\
 &\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{I}_N^-(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{I}_N^-(\partial_1)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{I}_N^-(\wp_2) + \mathfrak{I}_N^-(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{I}_N^-(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{I}_N^-(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{I}_N^-(\partial_1) + \mathfrak{I}_N^-(\partial_2)}{2} \right] \\
 &= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_T^-(\wp_1, \wp_2) + \mathfrak{I}_T^-(\partial_1, \partial_2)}{2} \\
 &= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_T^-(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_T^-(\partial)}{2}.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) &= \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)] \\
&= \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2) \\
&= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1) + \mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2)}{2} \\
&\geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\vartheta_1)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\wp_2) + \mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\vartheta_2)}{2} \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\wp_1) + \mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\vartheta_1) + \mathfrak{I}_{\aleph}^{+}(\vartheta_2)}{2} \right] \\
&= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp_1, \wp_2) + \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)}{2} \\
&= \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta)}{2}.
\end{aligned}$$

Thus $\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \geq \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta)}{2}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \geq \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta)}{2}$ and $\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \geq \frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta)}{2}$. Similarly, $\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta)\}$, $\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta)\}$ and $\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \leq \max\{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta)\}$. Thus, Υ is a IVNCVSBs of $\Xi \times \Xi$.

Conversely let us assume that Υ is a IVNCVSBs of $\Xi \times \Xi$, then for any $\wp = (\wp_1, \wp_2)$ and $\vartheta = (\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)$ are in $\Xi \times \Xi$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned}
\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2)\} &= \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2) \\
&= \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)] \\
&= \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\
&\geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta)\} \\
&= \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1, \wp_2), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)\} \\
&= \min\{\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)\}\}.
\end{aligned}$$

If $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1) \leq \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2)$, then $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1) \leq \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)$ and $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1) \leq \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)$. We get $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1)\}$ for all $\wp_1, \vartheta_1 \in \Xi$, and

$\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \vartheta_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \vartheta_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)\}\}$

If $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \vartheta_1) \leq \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \vartheta_2)$, then $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \vartheta_1) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1)\}$.

$\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \vartheta_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \vartheta_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)\}\}$.

If $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \vartheta_1) \leq \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \vartheta_2)$, then $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \vartheta_1) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1)\}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
&\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2)\} \\
&= 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2) \\
&= 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)] \\
&= 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \\
&\geq \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta)\} \\
&= \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1, \wp_2), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\vartheta_1, \vartheta_2)\} \\
&= \min\{\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)\}\}.
\end{aligned}$$

If $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1) \leq 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \vartheta_2)$, then $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1) \leq 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)$ and $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1) \leq 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)$. We get $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \vartheta_1) \geq \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1)\}$ for all $\wp_1, \vartheta_1 \in \Xi$, and $\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \vartheta_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \vartheta_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)\}\}$.

If $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \vartheta_1) \leq 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \vartheta_2)$, then $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \vartheta_1) \geq \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1)\}$.

$\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \vartheta_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \vartheta_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_2)\}\}$. If $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \vartheta_1) \leq 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \vartheta_2)$, then $1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \vartheta_1) \geq \min\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\aleph}^{-}(\vartheta_1)\}$.

Thus $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_1 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta)\}$. Similarly, $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_2 \vartheta) \geq \min\{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp), \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\vartheta)\}$ and $\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{+}(\wp \Delta_3 \vartheta) \geq$

$\min\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\partial)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)] &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\ &\geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\partial)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1, \wp_2) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\partial_1, \partial_2)}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)}{2} \right]. \end{aligned}$$

If $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) \leq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1) \leq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)$.

We get $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)}{2}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)}{2}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)}{2}$.

$$\text{Also, } \frac{1}{2} [\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)] \geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_2)}{2} \right].$$

If $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) \leq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_2)$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_1) \leq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_2)$.

We get $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_1)}{2}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_1)}{2}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\wp_1) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{+}(\partial_1)}{2}$.

Thus $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\partial)}{2}$. Similarly, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\partial)}{2}$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \frac{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp) + \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\partial)}{2}$.

Similarly, $\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) \geq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)$ and $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1) \geq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)$.

We get $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)$, then $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}$

If $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)$, then $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}$.

Also, Similarly to prove that $\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) \geq 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)$ and $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1) \geq 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)$.

We get $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \leq \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \leq \max\{1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), 1 - \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1)\}$.

Hence, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\partial)\}$, $\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\partial)\}$ and

$\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\wp), \hat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\Upsilon}^{\pm}(\partial)\}$.

Let us assume that Υ is a IVNCVSBS of $\Xi \times \Xi$, then for any $\wp = (\wp_1, \wp_2)$ and $\partial = (\partial_1, \partial_2)$ are in $\Xi \times \Xi$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} &= \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\ &\geq \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp), \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\partial)\} \\ &= \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\wp_1, \wp_2), \mathfrak{I}_{\Upsilon}^{-}(\partial_1, \partial_2)\} \\ &= \min\{\min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1), \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)\}\}. \end{aligned}$$

If $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1) \leq \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_2)$ and $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_1) \leq \mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\partial_2)$. We get $\mathfrak{I}_{\mathfrak{N}}^{-}(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq$

$\min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$ for all $\wp_1, \partial_1 \in \Xi$, and

$\min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$

If $\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \leq \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

$\min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \leq \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \min\{\mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

$$\begin{aligned} & \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \\ &= 1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= 1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= 1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\ &\geq \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp), 1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)\} \\ &= \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp_1, \wp_2), 1 - \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial_1, \partial_2)\} \\ &= \min\{\min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}. \end{aligned}$$

If $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) \leq 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)$ and $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1) \leq 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)$. We get $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$ for all $\wp_1, \partial_1 \in \Xi$, and $\min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \leq 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

$\min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)\} \geq \min\{\min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$. If $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \leq 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \min\{1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$. Thus $\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp), \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)\}$. Similarly, $\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp), \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)\}$ and $\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \min\{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp), \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)\}$. Now,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} [\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)] &= \mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1, \wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2) \\ &= \mathbb{J}_T^-[(\wp_1, \wp_2) \Delta_1 (\partial_1, \partial_2)] \\ &= \mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \\ &\geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp) + \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)}{2} \\ &= \frac{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp_1, \wp_2) + \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial_1, \partial_2)}{2} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)}{2} \right]. \end{aligned}$$

If $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) \leq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)$ and $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1) \leq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)$.

We get $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)}{2}$. Similarly, $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)}{2}$ and $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)}{2}$.

Also, $\frac{1}{2} [\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)] \geq \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_2)}{2} + \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_2)}{2} \right]$.

If $\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1) \leq \mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_2)$ and $\mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_1) \leq \mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_2)$.

We get $\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_1)}{2}$ and $\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_1)}{2}$ and $\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_N^+(\wp_1) + \mathbb{J}_N^+(\partial_1)}{2}$.

Thus $\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp) + \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)}{2}$. Similarly, $\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp) + \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)}{2}$ and $\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \geq \frac{\mathbb{J}_T^-(\wp) + \mathbb{J}_T^-(\partial)}{2}$.

Similarly, $\max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1) \geq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)$ and $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1) \geq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)$.

We get $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \leq \max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$

If $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq \mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)$, then $\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \leq \max\{\mathbb{J}_N^-(\wp_1), \mathbb{J}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

Also, Similarly to prove that $\max\{1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1), 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_2)\}\}$.

If $1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \geq 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2 \Delta_1 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1) \geq 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_2)$ and $1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1) \geq 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_2)$.

We get $1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1 \Delta_1 \partial_1) \leq \max\{1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\wp_1), 1 - \mathbb{T}_N^-(\partial_1)\}$.

$\max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\partial_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\partial_2)\}\}.$

If $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \geq 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_2 \Delta_2 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1 \Delta_2 \partial_1) \leq \max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\partial_1)\}.$

$\max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)\} \leq \max\{\max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_2)\}, \max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\partial_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\partial_2)\}\}.$

If $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \geq 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_2 \Delta_3 \partial_2)$, then $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1 \Delta_3 \partial_1) \leq \max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\wp_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(\partial_1)\}.$

Hence, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_2 \partial) \leq \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$ and

$\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp \Delta_3 \partial) \leq \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\partial)\}$. Hence, $\mathbb{N}$ is a IVNCVSB of Ξ .

Theorem 3.8. Let $\mathbb{N}$ be a NSV subset in Ξ . Then $\neg = ([\neg_{\mathbb{N}}, \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+], [\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-, \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+], [\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-, \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+])$ is a IVNCVSB of Ξ if and only if all non empty level set $\neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ for $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$.

Proof. Assume that $\hat{\neg}$ is a IVNCVSB of Ξ . For $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$ and $j_1, j_2 \in \hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. We have $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1) \geq \ell_1$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2) \geq \ell_1$ and $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1) \geq s$, $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2) \geq s$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) \geq \ell_2$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2) \geq \ell_2$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) \geq \ell_2$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2) \geq \ell_2$, $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1) \leq \ell_1$, $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2) \leq \ell_1$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) \leq s$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2) \leq s$. Now, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\} \geq \ell_1$, $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\} \geq s$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2} \geq \ell_2$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)\} \leq s$ and $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\} \leq \ell_1$. This implies that $j_1 \Delta_1 j_2 \in \hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. Similarly, $j_1 \Delta_2 j_2 \in \hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ and $j_1 \Delta_3 j_2 \in \hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. Therefore $\hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ , where $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$.

We have $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1) \geq \ell_1$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2) \geq \ell_1$ and

$1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1) \geq s$, $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2) \geq s$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) \geq \ell_2$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2) \geq \ell_2$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) \geq \ell_2$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2) \geq \ell_2$, $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1) \leq \ell_1$, $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2) \leq \ell_1$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) \leq s$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2) \leq s$. Now, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\} \geq \ell_1$, $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\} \geq s$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2} \geq \ell_2$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)\} \leq s$ and $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\} \leq \ell_1$. This implies that $j_1 \Delta_1 j_2 \in \neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. Similarly, $j_1 \Delta_2 j_2 \in \neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ and $j_1 \Delta_3 j_2 \in \neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. Therefore $\neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ , where $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$.

Conversely, assume that $\hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ , where $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$. Suppose if there exist $j_1, j_2 \in \Xi$ such that $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \min\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \min\{1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2}$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)}{2}$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) > \max\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$. Select $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$ such that $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_1 \leq \min\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$ and $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_1 \leq \min\{1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_2 \leq \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2}$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_2 \leq \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)}{2}$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) > s \geq \max\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$. Then $j_1, j_2 \in \hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$, but $j_1 \Delta_1 j_2 \notin \hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. This contradicts to that $\hat{\neg}^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ . Hence, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2}$, $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \frac{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) + \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)}{2}$ and $\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{\hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$ and $1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$. Similarly, Δ_2 and Δ_3 cases. Let assume that $\neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ , where $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$. Suppose if there exist $j_1, j_2 \in \Xi$ such that $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \min\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \min\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2}$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)}{2}$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) > \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$. Select $\ell_1, \ell_2, s \in [0, 1]$ such that $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_1 \leq \min\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$ and $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_1 \leq \min\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_2 \leq \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2}$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) < \ell_2 \leq \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)}{2}$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) > s \geq \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$. Then $j_1, j_2 \in \neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$, but $j_1 \Delta_1 j_2 \notin \neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$. This contradicts to that $\neg^{(\ell_1, \ell_2, s)}$ is a SBS of Ξ . Hence, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \min\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+(j_2)}{2}$, $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \geq \frac{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_1) + \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-(j_2)}{2}$ and $\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{\neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$ and $1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1 \Delta_1 j_2) \leq \max\{1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_1), 1 - \neg_{\mathbb{N}}(j_2)\}$. Similarly, Δ_2 and Δ_3 cases. Hence, $\neg = ([\neg_{\mathbb{N}}, \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+], [\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-, \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+], [\neg_{\mathbb{N}}^-, \neg_{\mathbb{N}}^+])$ is a IVNCVSB of Ξ .

Definition 3.9. Let $\mathbb{N}$ be any IVNCVSB of Ξ and $\varsigma \in \Xi$. Then the pseudo NSV coset $(\varsigma \mathbb{N})^p$ is defined by

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\varsigma \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}})^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^p(\wp), \\ (\varsigma \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^{+p}(\wp), \\ (\varsigma \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \hat{\neg}_{\mathbb{N}}^{-p}(\wp) \end{array} \right\}.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\varsigma \sqsubset_{\mathbb{N}}^{\top})^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \sqsubset_{\mathbb{N}}^{\top}(\wp), \\ (\varsigma \sqsubset_{\mathbb{N}}^{\bot})^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \sqsubset_{\mathbb{N}}^{\bot}(\wp), \\ (\varsigma \sqsubset_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow})^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \sqsubset_{\mathbb{N}}^{\downarrow}(\wp) \end{array} \right\}.$$

That is,

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\mathbb{K}}^-)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\Gamma}_{\mathbb{K}}^-(\wp), \quad 1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^-)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma)(1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^-)(\wp), \\ (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^-)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^-(\wp), \quad (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^+)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^+(\wp), \\ (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^+)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathbb{K}}^+(\wp), \quad 1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\mathbb{K}}^-)^p(\wp) = p(\varsigma)(1 - \widehat{\Gamma}_{\mathbb{K}}^-)(\wp) \end{array} \right\}$$

each $\wp \in \Xi$ and for any non-empty set $p \in P$.

Theorem 3.10. *Let $\aleph$ be any IVNCVSBS of Ξ , then the pseudo NSV coset $(\varsigma\aleph)^p$ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ .*

Proof. Let $\aleph$ be any IVNCVBSBS of Ξ and for each $\wp, \partial \in \Xi$. Now, $(\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq p(\varsigma) \min\{\widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\partial)\} = \min\{p(\varsigma) \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), p(\varsigma) \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\partial)\} = \min\{(\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\wp), (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $(\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{(\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\wp), (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\partial)\}$ and $1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) (1 - \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial)) \geq p(\varsigma) \min\{1 - \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp), 1 - \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\partial)\} = \min\{p(\varsigma) (1 - \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\wp)), p(\varsigma) (1 - \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-(\partial))\} = \min\{1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\Gamma}_{\aleph}^-)^p(\partial)\}$.

Thus

$$1 - (\zeta \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{1 - (\zeta \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp), 1 - (\zeta \hat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}.$$

Now, $(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq p(\varsigma) \left[\frac{\widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp) + \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)}{2} \right] = \frac{p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp) + p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)}{2} = \frac{(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\partial)}{2}.$

Thus $(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\partial)}{2}$ and $(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq p(\varsigma) \left[\frac{\widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp) + \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\partial)}{2} \right] = \frac{p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp) + p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\partial)}{2} = \frac{(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\partial)}{2}$. Thus $(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+)^p(\partial)}{2}$. Now, $(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq p(\varsigma) \max\{\widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)\} = \max\{p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), p(\varsigma) \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)\} = \max\{(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp), (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{(\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp), (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$ and $1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) (1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial)) \leq p(\varsigma) \max\{1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp), 1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial)\} = \max\{p(\varsigma) (1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\wp)), p(\varsigma) (1 - \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-(\partial))\} = \max\{1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \widehat{\mathfrak{J}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$.

Now, $(\varsigma \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq p(\varsigma) \min\{\overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\wp), \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\partial)\} = \min\{p(\varsigma) \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\wp), p(\varsigma) \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\partial)\} = \min\{(\varsigma \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp), (\varsigma \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $(\varsigma \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{(\varsigma \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp), (\varsigma \overline{\mathfrak{I}}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\partial)\}$ and $1 - (\varsigma \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) (1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\wp \Delta_1 \partial)) \geq p(\varsigma) \min\{1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\wp), 1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\partial)\} = \min\{p(\varsigma) (1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\wp)), p(\varsigma) (1 - \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}}(\partial))\} = \min\{1 - (\varsigma \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $1 - (\varsigma \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \min\{1 - (\varsigma \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \mathfrak{J}_{\mathfrak{K}})^p(\partial)\}$.

$$\text{Now, } (\varsigma \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p (\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^- (\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq p(\varsigma) \left[\frac{\mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp) + \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\partial)}{2} \right] = \frac{p(\varsigma) \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp) + p(\varsigma) \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\partial)}{2} = \frac{(\varsigma \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p (\wp) + (\varsigma \mathfrak{I}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p (\partial)}{2}.$$

Thus $(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\partial)}{2}$ and $(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq p(\varsigma) \left[\frac{\mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(\wp) + \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(\partial)}{2} \right] = \frac{p(\varsigma) \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(\wp) + p(\varsigma) \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+(\partial)}{2} = \frac{(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\partial)}{2}$. Thus $(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \geq \frac{(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\wp) + (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^+)^p(\partial)}{2}$. Now, $(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq p(\varsigma) \max\{\mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp), \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\partial)\} = \max\{p(\varsigma) \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp), p(\varsigma) \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\partial)\} = \max\{(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp), (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{(\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp), (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$ and $1 - (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) = p(\varsigma) (1 - \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp \Delta_1 \partial)) \leq p(\varsigma) \max\{1 - \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp), 1 - \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\partial)\} = \max\{p(\varsigma) (1 - \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\wp)), p(\varsigma) (1 - \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-(\partial))\} = \max\{1 - (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$. Thus $1 - (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp \Delta_1 \partial) \leq \max\{1 - (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\wp), 1 - (\varsigma \mathbb{J}_{\mathbb{N}}^-)^p(\partial)\}$. Similarly, Δ_2 and Δ_3 cases.

Hence, $(\varsigma\mathcal{N})^p$ is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ .

Definition 3.11. Let $(\Xi_1, \heartsuit_1, \heartsuit_2, \heartsuit_3)$ and $(\Xi_2, \diamondsuit_1, \diamondsuit_2, \diamondsuit_3)$ be the bisemirings. Let $\Upsilon : \Xi_1 \rightarrow \Xi_2$ and $\aleph$ be an IVNCVSBS in Ξ_1 , Υ be an IVNCVSBS in $\Upsilon(\Xi_1) = \Xi_2$, the image of VS is defined as $\hat{\beth}_{\aleph(V)}(\ell_2) = [\hat{\top}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2), 1 - \hat{\top}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2)], [\hat{\bot}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2), \hat{\bot}_{\aleph(V)}^+(\ell_2)], [\hat{\top}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2), 1 - \hat{\top}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2)]$ where $\hat{\top}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2) = \hat{\top}_{\Upsilon}^-\aleph(\ell_2)$, $\hat{\bot}_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2) = \hat{\bot}_{\Upsilon}^-\aleph(\ell_2)$, $\hat{\bot}_{\aleph(V)}^+(\ell_2) = \hat{\bot}_{\Upsilon}^+\aleph(\ell_2)$ and $\hat{\top}_{\aleph(V)}^+(\ell_2) = \hat{\top}_{\Upsilon}^+\aleph(\ell_2)$ and $\beth_{\aleph(V)}(\ell_2) = [\top_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2), 1 - \top_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2)], [\bot_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2), \bot_{\aleph(V)}^+(\ell_2)], [\top_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2), 1 - \top_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2)]$ where $\top_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2) = \top_{\Upsilon}^-\aleph(\ell_2)$, $\bot_{\aleph(V)}^-(\ell_2) = \bot_{\Upsilon}^-\aleph(\ell_2)$, $\bot_{\aleph(V)}^+(\ell_2) = \bot_{\Upsilon}^+\aleph(\ell_2)$ and $\top_{\aleph(V)}^+(\ell_2) = \top_{\Upsilon}^+\aleph(\ell_2)$.

Theorem 3.13. *Every homomorphic image of IVNCVSBS of Ξ_1 is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ_2 .*

Theorem 3.14. *Every homomorphic pre-image of IVNCVSBS of Ξ_2 is a IVNCVSBS of Ξ_1 .*

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Now, $\overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp)) \geq \ell_1$, $\overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial) = \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \geq \ell_1$. Thus $\overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp \heartsuit_1 \partial) \geq \min\{\overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\} \geq \ell_1$ and $1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = 1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp)) \geq s$, $1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial) = 1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \geq s$. Thus $1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp \heartsuit_1 \partial) \geq \min\{1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\} \geq s$. Now, $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp)) \geq \ell_2$, $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \geq \ell_2$. Thus $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp \heartsuit_1 \partial) \geq \frac{\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) + \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)}{2} \geq \ell_2$ and $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}^+(\mathfrak{R}(\wp)) \geq \ell_2$, $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\partial) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}^+(\mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \geq \ell_2$. Thus $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp \heartsuit_1 \partial) \geq \frac{\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\wp) + \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}^+(\partial)}{2} \geq \ell_2$. Now, $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp)) \leq s$, $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \leq s$. Thus $\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp \heartsuit_1 \partial) = \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp) \diamond_1 \mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \leq \max\{\underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), \underline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\} \leq s$ and $1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp) = 1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp)) \leq \ell_1$, $1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial) = 1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \leq \ell_1$. Thus $1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp \heartsuit_1 \partial) = 1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{T}}(\mathfrak{R}(\wp) \diamond_1 \mathfrak{R}(\partial)) \leq \max\{1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\wp), 1 - \overline{\mathfrak{T}}_{\mathfrak{N}}(\partial)\} \leq \ell_1$, for all $\wp, \partial \in \Xi_1$. Similarly to prove other two operations. Hence proved.

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